



Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017



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ITALIAN CHAPTER



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16° Congresso Nazionale AME

Joint Meeting with AAACE Italian Chapter

Guida all'iperparatiroidismo

Trattamento non chirurgico

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Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

Conflitti di interesse



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Ai sensi dell'art. 3.3 sul conflitto di interessi, pag 17 del Regolamento Applicativo Stato-Regioni del 5/11/2009, dichiaro che negli ultimi 2 anni ho avuto rapporti diretti di finanziamento con i seguenti soggetti portatori di interessi commerciali in campo sanitario:

- SHIRE**
- Abiogen Pharma**



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Observation

Calcium and Vitamin D supplementation

Medical management

- Antiresorptive drugs
 - Estrogens (SERMS)
 - Bisphosphonates
- Calcimimetics

Other options

- Percutaneous ethanol injection
- Percutaneous laser ablation
- High intensity focused ultrasounds



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Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

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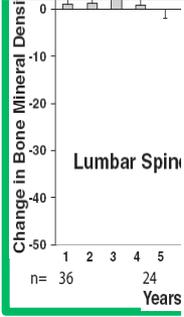
TABLE 2. Biochemical changes in asymptomatic

	Baseline	Yr 13 (n = 49)	Yr 15 (n = 5)
Serum PTH (pg/ml)	10.0	10.2 ^a	18
Serum PTHrP (pg/ml)	0.0	0.1	0.1

116 patients
 99 with asymptomatic disease (85%)
 17 with symptomatic disease (15%)

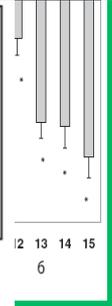
No surgery in 57 patients (49%)
 49 with asymptomatic disease

Take home messages
 Patients with asymptomatic PHPT can be followed safely without PTx for a period of years, but stability does not last forever



Disease progression in 22 patients
 18 with asymptomatic disease
 7 with surgical criteria^b; 11 without surgical criteria^c
 (37% of asymptomatic patients)
 8 with symptomatic disease
 (100% of symptomatic patients)

Stable disease in 31 patients
 31 with asymptomatic disease
 13 with surgical criteria; 18 without surgical criteria^a
 (63% of asymptomatic patients)





Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

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ITALIAN CHAPTER



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Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

Trattamento non chirurgico



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Calcium and vitamin D

SIE: position statement

J Endocrinol Invest (2015) 38:577–593

- **32. We recommend** an intake of calcium appropriate for the age and sex as in the general population (1 0000).
- **33. We recommend against** restriction of dietary calcium intake (1 0000).
- **34. We recommend** correcting vitamin D deficiency in all patients with PHPT. Schedule using a daily dose of 800–1000 IU of vitamin D (weekly or monthly doses calculated on this daily dose) should be adopted (1 0000).
- **35. We recommend** increasing serum 25OHD values at >20 ng/mL and to aim to the target established for the general population (1 0000).

International Guidelines

J Clin Endocrinol Metab, October 2014, 99(10):3607–3618

The goal of cautiously administered repletion regimens should be to increase the serum 25OHD levels to >50 and up to 75 nmol/L.

AME position statement: Primary hyperparathyroidism in clinical practice

J Endocrinol Invest 2012

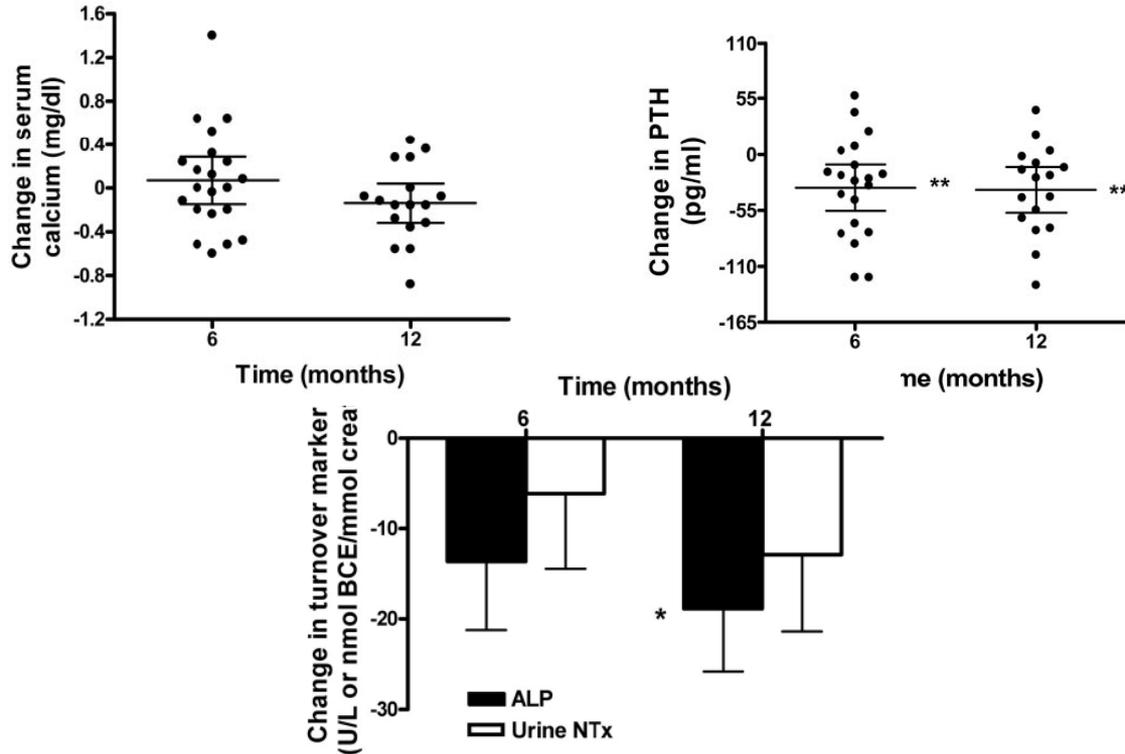
Vitamin D supplementation in vitamin D deficient patients with PHPT, as currently done for non-PHPT patients



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50.000 IU D₂ /week for 1 month and then monthly

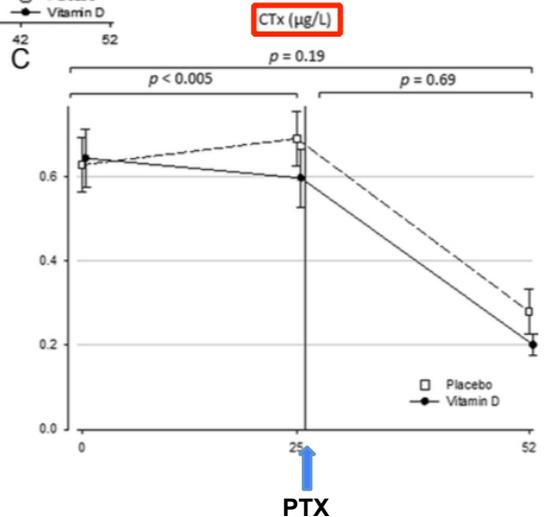
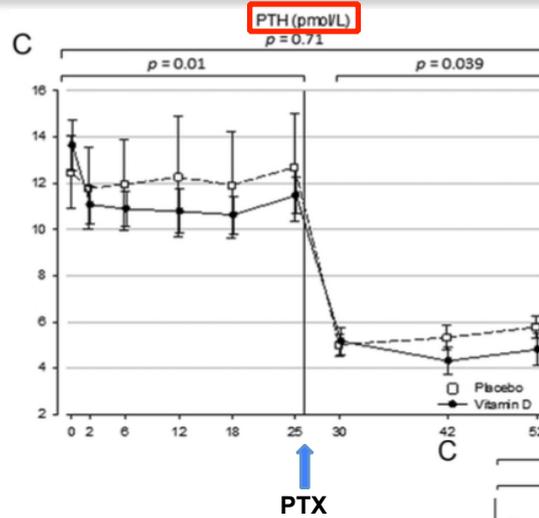
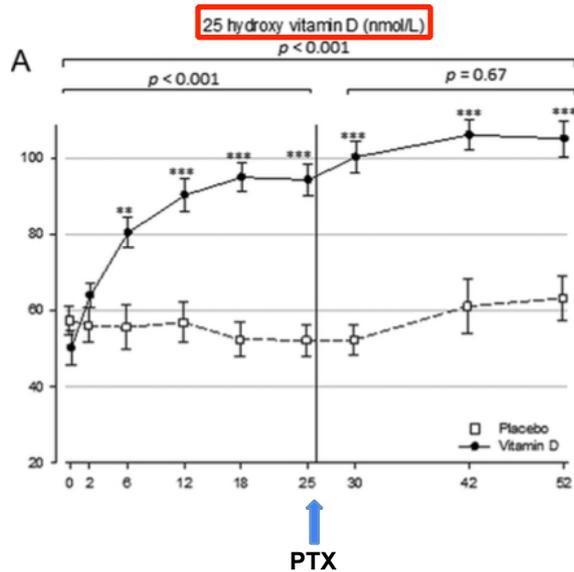




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- 46 patients with PHPT who were eligible for PTx. Randomized to receive either daily 2800IU Vit D3 or placebo





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- **Antiresorptive drugs**
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- **Calcimimetics**



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Indications for a non-surgical (medical) approach

- **Metastatic parathyroid cancer**
- **Patients with contraindication to surgery**
- **Patients with complication of previous neck surgery**
- **Patients unwilling to undergo surgery**
- **Failed parathyroidectomy**
- **Selected asymptomatic patients who met surgical criteria for PTX**



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Estrogens

Take home messages

- Limited data suggest that therapy with estrogen in patients with PHPT may reduce bone resorption and improve BMD
- Useful option for those unable or unwilling to PTX (especially in the presence of menopausal symptoms).
- The risk-benefit ratio must be evaluated in the individual patient with respect to known relative or absolute contraindications

Marcocci et al. JCEM 2014



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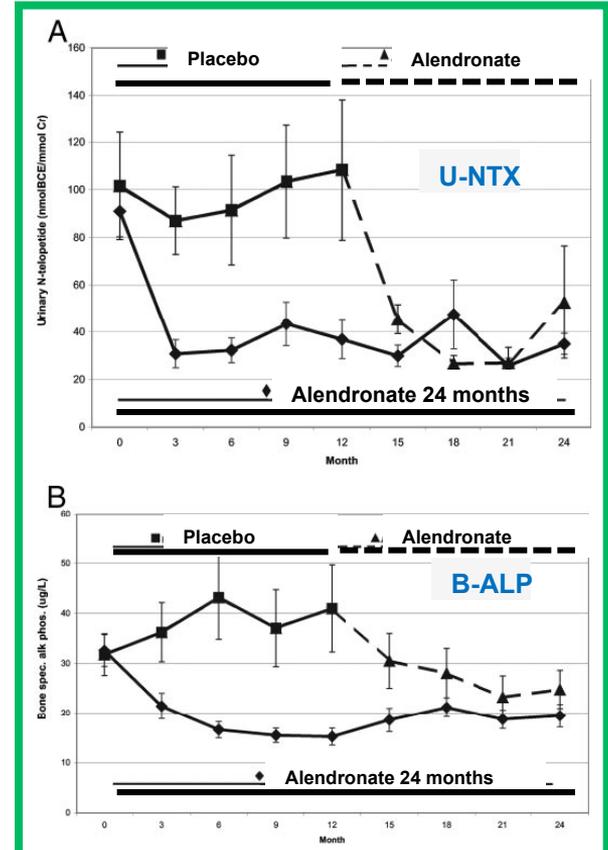
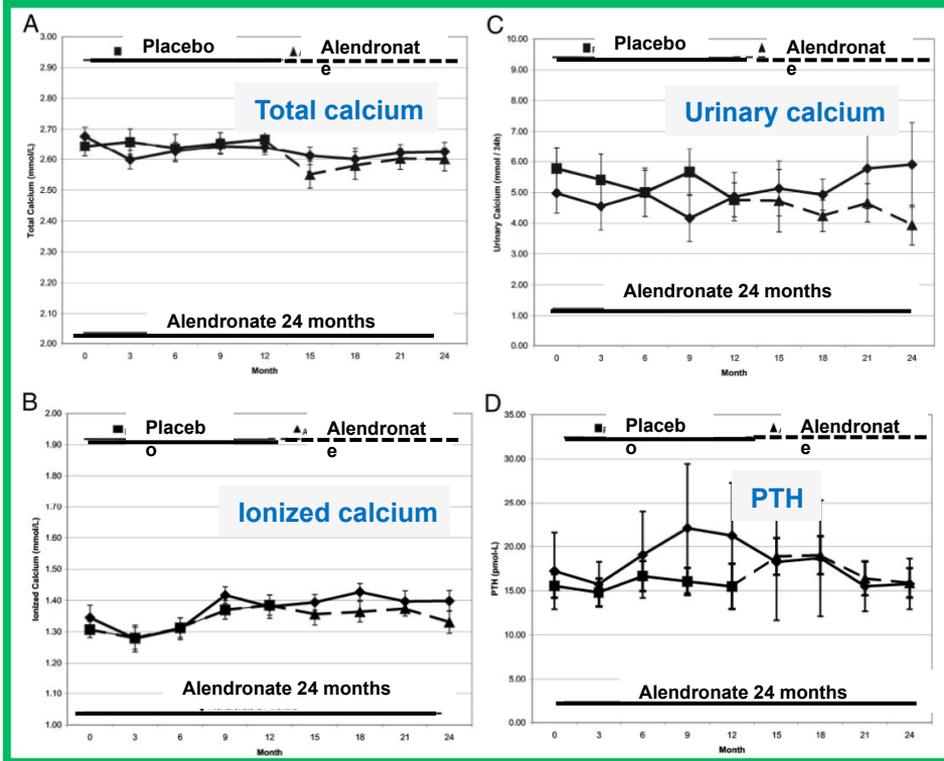


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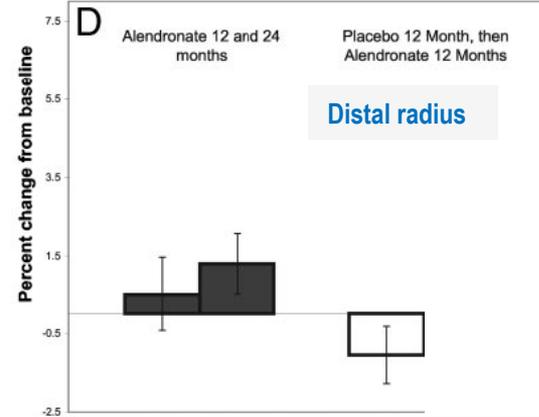
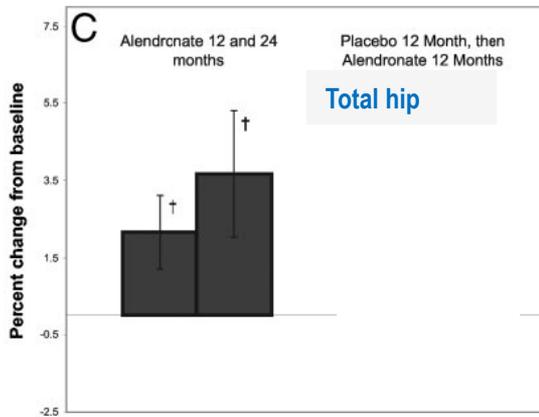
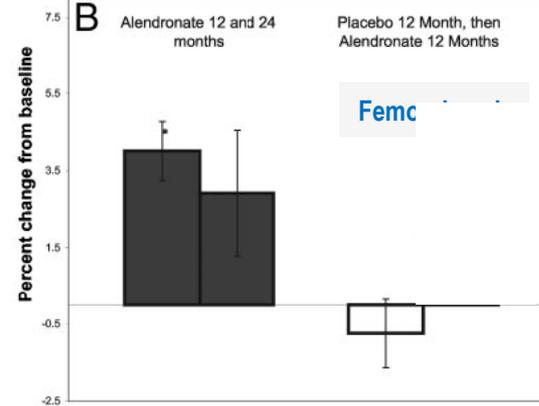
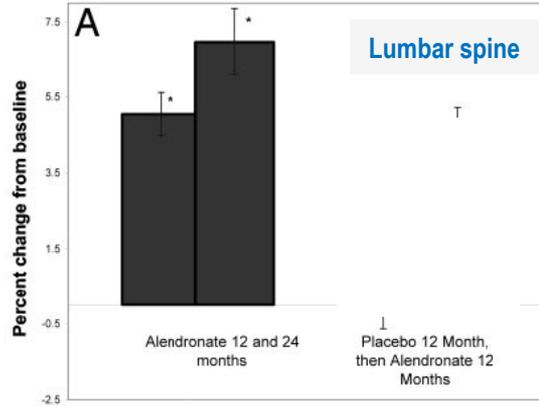
Alendronate

Forty-four patients randomized to alendronate (10 mg daily) or to placebo
Two-year study





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Skeletal Effects of Interventions in Mild Primary Hyperparathyroidism: A Meta-Analysis

Shyam Sankaran,* Greg Gamble,* Mark Bolland, Ian R. Reid, and Andrew Grey

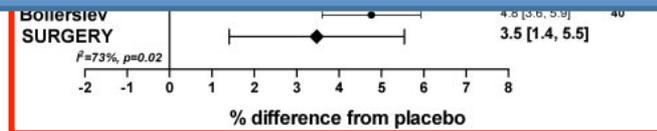


BMD changes after 1 year in 8 RCT of mild PHPT

Take home messages

- Positive effect of alendronate on BMD at the lumbar spine and hip
- Bone turnover markers decrease with alendronate therapy
- Serum calcium remains stable

In subjects who are not candidates for PTX with low BMD alendronate provides skeletal protection and is a medical option



Ross
Ch
Kh

 $I^2=50\%$
 Gr
 H

 Almqui
 R
 Ambrog
 Bollersl
 SURGE
 $I^2=74\%$, p



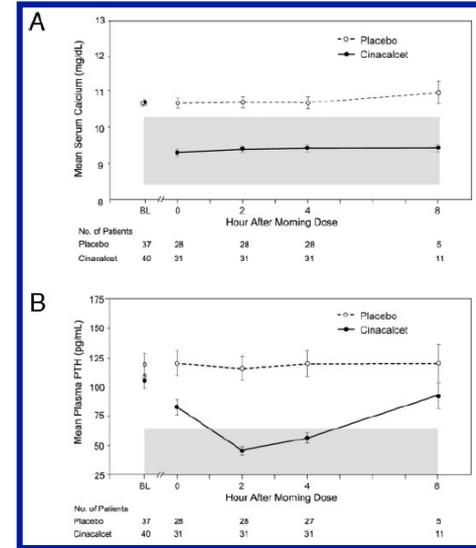
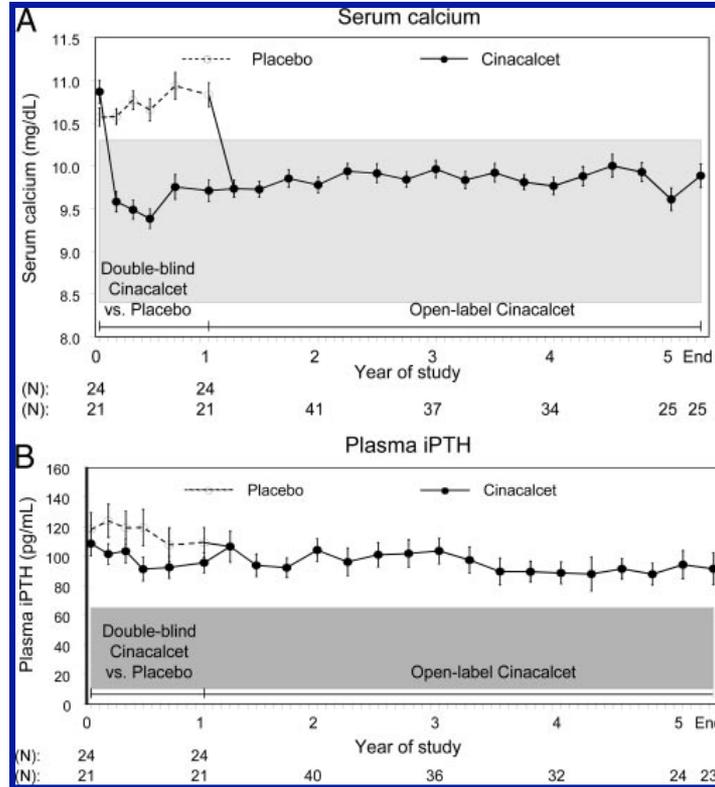
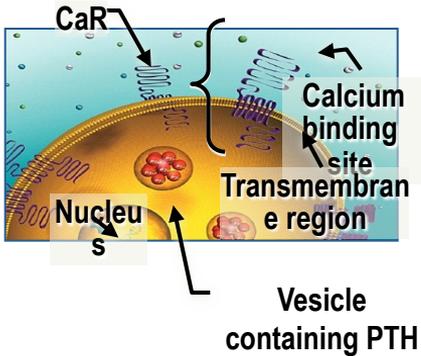
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Cinacalcet



Peacock et al. JCEM 2009



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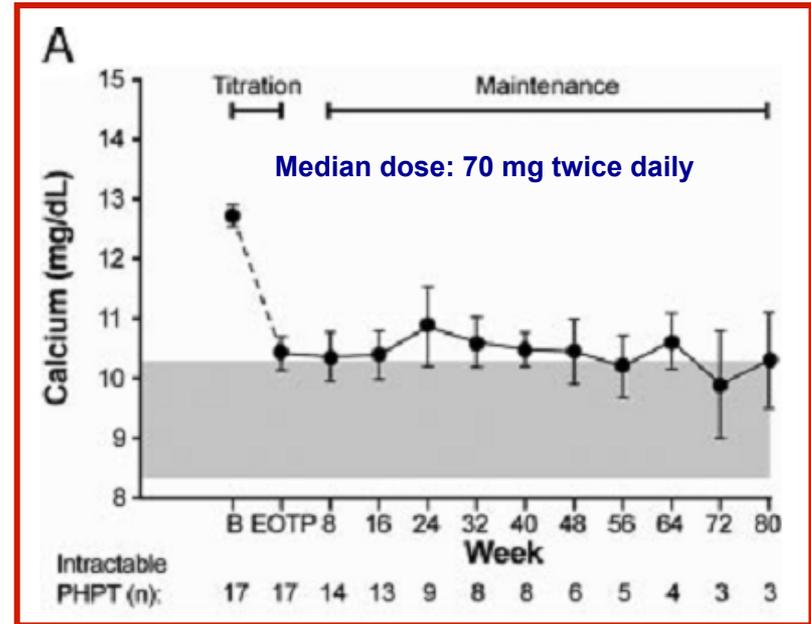
Cinacalcet

TABLE 1. Demographic and baseline characteristics of patients (n = 17)

Baseline parameter	Mean ± SD (range) ^a
Age, yr	65.7 ± 9.0 (52.0–88.0)
Gender: male/female, n	8/9
Race: white/black, n	16/1
Prior parathyroid surgery, n	14
Kidney stone history, n	7
Prior bisphosphonate use, n	10
Serum calcium, mg/dl	12.7 ± 0.8 (11.8–14.5) ^b [3.2 ± 0.2 (3.0–3.6) mmol/liter]
Plasma iPTH, pg/ml	243 ± 105 (100–499) [25.8 ± 11.1 (10.6–52.9) pmol/liter]

^a Unless otherwise indicated.

^b Values less than 12.5 mg/dl (3.1 mmol/liter) were due to variation between screening and baseline values.





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TABLE 1. Baseline demographics of parathyroid carcinoma

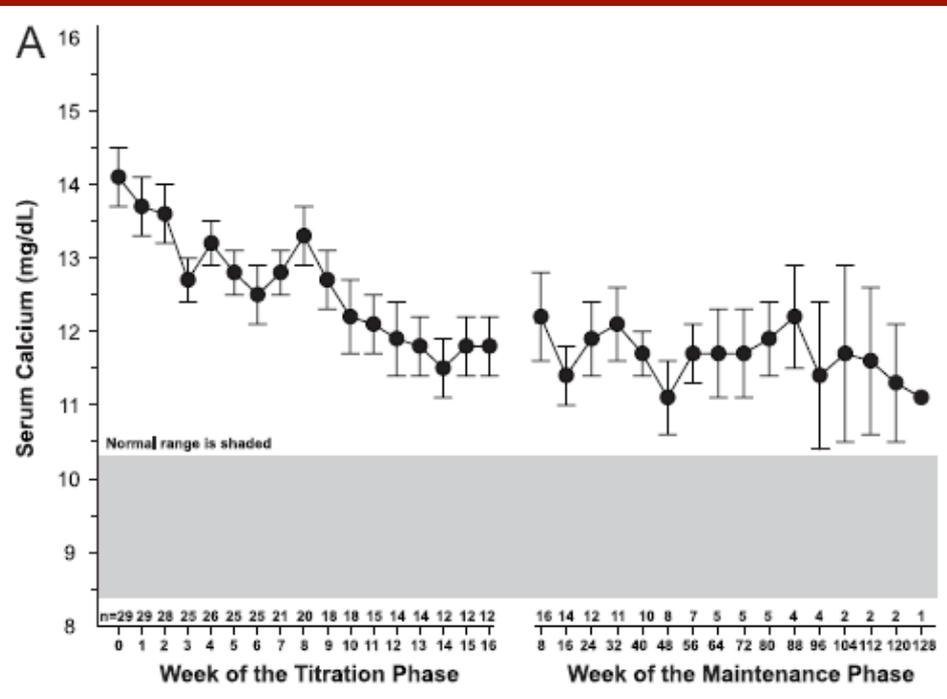


TABLE 2

Serum cal
PTH (pg/ml)
Serum ph
Serum cre
Serum alk
Total alka
BSAP (ng/ml)
Serum NTx (nM BCE)

72.6 ± 20.6 (7.1–588)
110.3 ± 26.7 (8–560)

29)

range
10.3
-65
-5.1
women, 0.4–1.1
-5.0
115
3.0–20.9
5.4–24.2



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European Medical Agency (2008)

“for the reduction of hypercalcemia in patients with PHPT, **for whom PTx would be indicated** on the basis of serum calcium levels (as defined by relevant treatment guidelines), but in whom PTx is not clinically appropriate or is contraindicated “

http://www.ema.europa.eu/ema/index.jsp?curl=pages/medicines/human/medicines/000570/human_med_000903.jsp&mid=WC0p01ac058001d124.

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (2011)

“for the reduction of hypercalcemia in patients with parathyroid carcinoma and for the treatment of **severe hypercalcemia in patients with PHPT** who are unable to undergo parathyroidectomy”

<http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/DrugSafety/ucm340551.htm>.

Approved only for adults



Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

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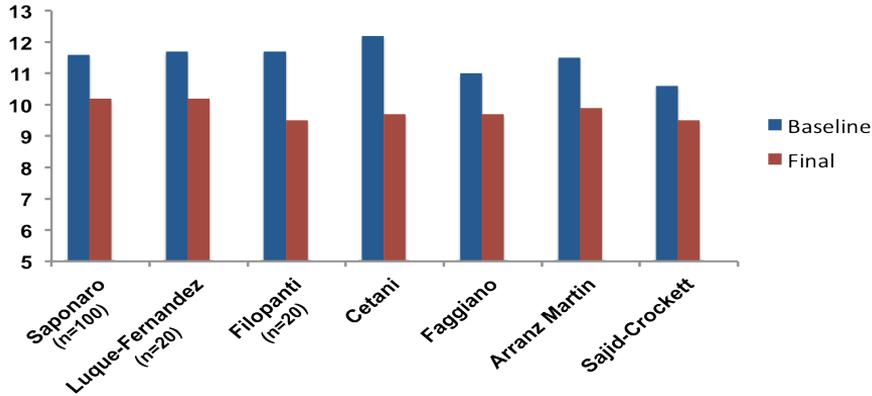


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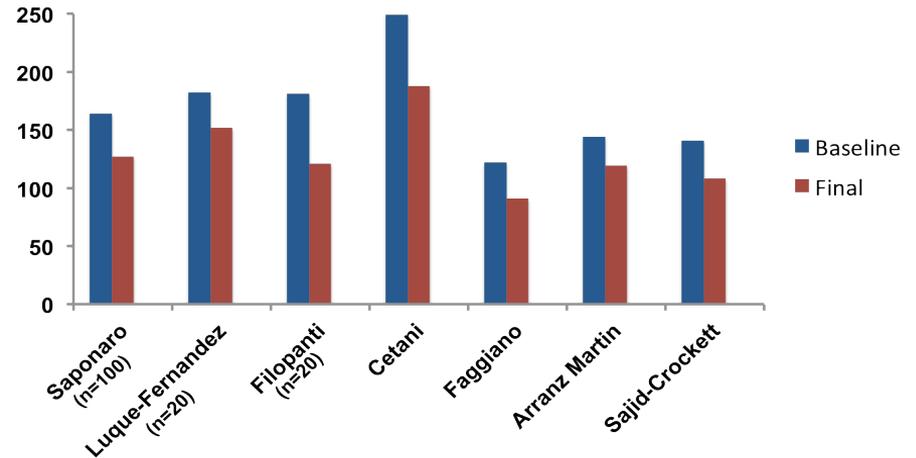
Cinacalcet

Patients with failed PTx, PTx contraindicated, inappropriate or refused
Mean baseline serum calcium 11.5 mg/dL
Median follow-up 9 months

Mean decrease 13.3%



Mean decrease 22.6%





Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

Trattamento non chirurgico



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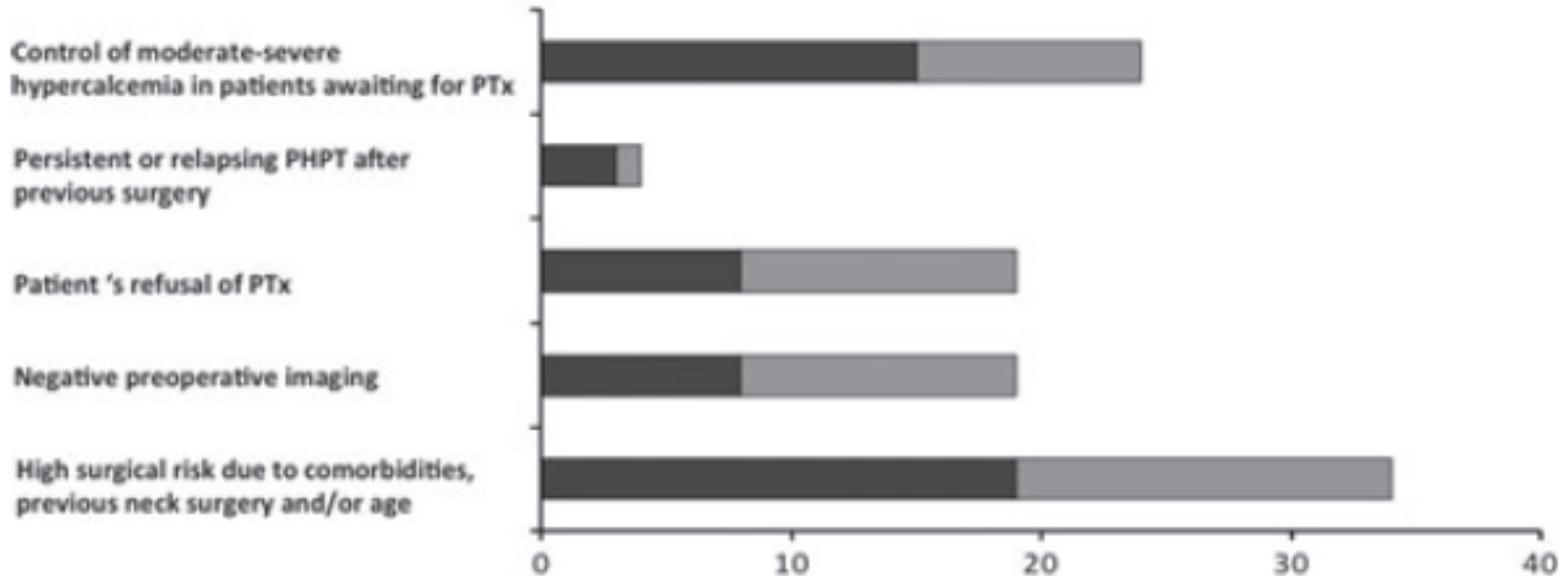


Cinacalcet

(b)

Patients with sporadic PHPT

Baseline serum calcium {
■ > 0.25 mmol/L above upper normal limit
■ ≤ 0.25 mmol/L above upper normal limit





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Cinacalcet + bisphosphonates

Author	N.	Mean age (yr)	Therapy duration (months)	Serum calcium mg/dL		Plasma PTH (pg/mL)		BMD changes (%)	
				Baseline	Final	Baseline	Final	Spine	Hip
Faggiano	10	67	12	11.1±0.2	9.5±0.1	145±24	103±9	+9.6 ±1.4	+3.9 ±1.0
Keutgen	17	72	12	10.8±0.6	10.1±0.7	116±85	93±67	+25	-6
Cetani *	8	75	12	12.0±0.7	9.9±0.3	272±142	276±171	-	-

* Patients were already given bisphosphonates when cinacalcet was started



Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

Trattamento non chirurgico



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Potential candidates:

- Metastatic parathyroid cancer
- Patients with contraindication to surgery
- Patients with complication of previous neck surgery
- Patients unwilling to undergo surgery
- Failed parathyroidectomy
- Selected asymptomatic patients who met surgical criteria for PTX

No single drug is effective in controlling clinical manifestations of PHPT

Targeted medical approach: Aims

- To improve bone mass: Antiresorptive therapy
- To decrease serum calcium: Cinacalcet
- To both aims: Combined antiresorptive therapy and cinacalcet



Roma, 9-12 novembre 2017

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Thank you for your attention